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| PHÒNG GD&ĐT GIA LÂM  **TRƯỜNG THCS PHÙ ĐỔNG** | **MA TRẬN**  **ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 THPT**  **NĂM HỌC 2020-2021**  Môn thi: **TIẾNG ANH** |

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| **Themes** | **Weighting** | **Recognition** | | **Understanding** | | **Application** | | **Highly application** | **Total** | |
| **Pronunciation** | 10% | 4 | 0.25 |  |  |  |  |  | **4** | **1,0** |
| **Language focus** | 45% | 14 | 0,25 | 3 | 0,25 | 1 | 0,25 |  | **18** | **4,5** |
| **Reading** | 25% | 2 | 0,25 | 6 | 0,25 | 1 | 0,25 | 1  0,25 | **10** | **2,5** |
| **Writing** | 20% |  |  | 1 | 0,25 | 4 | 0,25 | 3  0,25 | **8** | **2,0** |
| **Total** | **100%** | **20** |  | **10** |  | **6** |  | **4** | **40** | **10** |

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| PHÒNG GD&ĐT GIA LÂM  **TRƯỜNG THCS PHÙ ĐỔNG**  **ĐỀ THAM KHẢO** | **THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 THPT**  **NĂM HỌC 2020-2021**  Môn thi: **TIẾNG ANH**  Thời gian làm bài: *60 phút* |

(*Đề thi gồm: 04 trang*)

1. **MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS: (8.0 points)**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

Question 1: A. although B. brother C. think D. their

Question 2: A. sugar B. transport C. science D. Suddenly

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.***

Question 3: A. forecast B. predict C. depend D. prepare

Question 4: A. national B. possible C. necessary D.convenient

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

Question 5: Unless she doesn’t know who it is, she won’t open the door.

A B C D

Question 6: The fire had spread to the next building before the firemen had arrived.

A B C D

Question 7: We had decided going for a short walk in the park before dinner.

A B C D

***Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

Question 8: Two department stores \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the town this year.

1. have built B. have been built C. are built D. built

Question 9: Big cities like New York and Chicago are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ populated.

1. closely B. largely C. locally D. densely

Question 10: I couldn’t concentrate on my study because my little sister kept \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me with silly questions.

1. to interrupt B. interrupted C. interrupting D. interrupt

Question 11: He’s never \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ well with his father. They have got completely different personalities.

1. got on B. got off C. got up D. got away

Question 12: The children enjoy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the zoo on their days off school.

1. being taken B. to be taken C. to take D. taking

Question 13: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ its good qualities, it has one drawback.

1. Although B. Despite C. Even D. However

Question 14: Don’t forget \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ me a message when you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her letter.

1. sending/ get B. to send/ gets C. to send/will get D. to send/get

Question 15: She said she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. stayed up late last night B. stayed up late the night before

C.had stayed up late last night D. had stayed up late the night before

Question 16: He came home late, so I asked him where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. he had been B. has he been C. he has been D. had he been

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.**

Question 17: Nga: “We’ve passed the first round.” Hoa: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

1. That’s a good idea. B. It’s nice of you to say so.
2. Do you? D. Congratulations!

Question 18: A: “It was very kind of you to invite me to dinner.” B: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

1. It’s my pleasure. B. Don’t worry.
2. Thank you! D. Oh, it’s great.

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

Question 19: Could you give me an example of the improvements you have mentioned.

1. purpose B. object C. instance D. report

Question 20: They look like each other although they are not sisters.

1. take off B. take away C. take up D. take after

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

Question 21: Mike was very upset to hear that the holiday had been cancelled.

1. worried B. unhappy C. excited D. angry

Question 22: I’ve been invited to their party but I haven’t decided whether to accept.

1. turn up B. turn down C. turn on D. turn off

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

The English language is big business: every day more and more people around the world are learning English as a foreign language and more and more people are making a living from English in various forms. In Britain, the English language is one of the country’s (23)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ important sources of income.

English is quite unique in the history of the world’s language: an amazing one in seven people in the world speak it, (24)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ makes it undoubtedly the first world language in history. Before English, Latin, French and Greek were also to some extent international languages (25)\_\_\_\_\_\_ none of them ever managed to reach the number of users that English has. 75% of the world’s correspondence and 60% of the world’s telephone conversations (26)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in English. Chinese also has a billion speakers. But when a Chinese businessman meets a Spanish colleague at a conference, they will almost certainly use English as a medium of (27)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, not Chinese or Spanish. English has also become the language of science and numerous people choose it as part of their studies.

Question 23: A. more B. much C. a lot D. most

Question 24: A. that B. where C. which D. who

Question 25: A. but B. or C. therefore D. so

Question 26: A. were carried out B. are carried out

C. carried out D. carry out

Question 27: A. touch B. communication C. study D. research

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

One of the main sources for the the spreading of news and events throughout the world is the newspaper.

The purpose of newspapers is to inform the public of political, social, economic and entertainment happenings, among other things. Generally, there are three types of newspapers: daily newspapers, weekly newspapers, and special-interest newspapers. Daily newspapers publish at least one edition every weekday. Most dailies also have a weekend edition. Daily newspapers often have sections for news, sports, arts and entertainment, business and classified advertising. Weekly newspapers print once a week and cover news of interest to readers in a smaller area than that of a daily paper. They focus on local happenings rather than national or international events. Special-interest newspapers may publish daily, weekly, monthly, or even less frequently. They generally **disseminate** news of interest to a particular group of readers or feature news about a specific topic.

Thanks to the development of the Internet, we can now get access to electronic newspaper. To some extent, e-newspapers are cheap, up-to-date, and convenient for most readers in the world.

Question 28: Three types of newspaper are\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. daily newspapers, weekly newspapers and special-interest newspapers.
2. weekly newspapers, monthly newspapers, yearly newspapers.
3. daily newspapers, weekly newspapers and monthly newspapers.
4. weekly newspapers, monthly newspapers and special-interest newspapers.

Question 29: Most daily newspapers publish \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. one different edition for one different section.
2. only one edition every weekday.
3. at least once every weekday and once at weekend.
4. one edition every weekend.

Question 30: Weekly newspapers usually focus on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. local happenings B. national happenings

C. international happenings D. local and international happenings

Question 31: The word “disseminate” is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. entertain B. feed C. read D. spread

Question 32: We can easily get access to electronic newspapers because they are \_\_\_\_\_.

1. modern, up-to-date but expensive B. up-to-date, convenient, and not expensive

C. quick, cheap and convenient D. modern, quick and up-to-date

**II. WRITING: (2.0 points)**

**Finish the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one, beginning with the give words.**

Question 33: It’s six months since I last went swimming.

🡪I haven’t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Question 34: The neighbor’s dog woke me up this morning.

🡪I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Question 35: “What time is the meeting?”

🡪She wanted\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Question 36: My sister is a better speaker of English than me.

🡪I can’t\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

***Combine two sentences into a new one using the given words in brackets. Do not change the given words in any ways.***

Question 37: The furniture was very expensive. I didn’t buy it. (**too**)

🡪\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Question 38: I can’t go for a picnic with you. I’m not free today. (**If**)

🡪\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Question 39: He worked really hard. He couldn’t earn enough money to buy a house. (**In spite of**)

🡪\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Question 40: Kathy did some exercise. Then she had a shower. (**After**)

🡪\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

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| PHÒNG GD&ĐT GIA LÂM  **TRƯỜNG THCS PHÙ ĐỔNG** | **ĐÁP ÁN, BIỂU ĐIỂM CHẤM**  **ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 THPT**  **NĂM HỌC 2020-2021**  Môn thi: **TIẾNG ANH** |

1. **MULTIPLE CHOICE: (8.0 points/ 0.25 point for each correct answer)**

Question 1: C Question 9: D Question 17: D Question 25: A

Question 2: A Question 10: C Question 18: A Question 26: A

Question 3: A Question 11: A Question 19: C Question 27: B

Question 4: D Question 12: A Question 20: D Question 28: A

Question 5: A Question 13: B Question 21: C Question 29: C

Question 6: D Question 14: D Question 22: B Question 30: A

Question 7: B Question 15: D Question 23: D Question 31: D

Question 8: B Question 16: A Question 24: C Question 32: B

1. **WRITING: (2.0 points/ 0.25 point for each correct sentence)**

Question 33: I haven’t gone swimming for six months.

Question 34: I was waken up by the neighbor’s dog this morning.

Question 35: She wanted to know what time the meeting was.

Question 36: I can’t speak English as well as my sister.

Question 37: The furniture was too expensive for me to buy.

Question 38: If I was free today, I could go for a picnic with you.

Question 39: In spite of working really hard, he couldn’t earn enough money to buy a house.

Question 40: After Kathy had done some exercise,she had a shower.